AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

- 1.-6. (cancelled)
- 7. (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the first layer of the sheet element is formed of polypropylene film.
 - (cancelled)
- 9. (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the first layer of the sheet element contains an insecticide compound therein.
- (original) A field liner as claimed in claim 9, in which the insecticide compound is the pyrethroid insecticide, Deltamethrin.
- 11. (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the second layer of the sheet element is formed of one of low density polyethylene and high density polyethylene.
 - 12. (cancelled)
- (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the second layer of the sheet element contains an insecticide compound.
- (original) A field liner as claimed in claim 13, in which the insecticide compound is the pyrethroid insecticide, Deltamethrin.

- 15. (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, which includes a third layer formed of a flexible aluminum film that is vapour impermeable and that is laminated between the said first layer and the said second layer of the sheet element.
- (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the adhesive substance comprises an adhesive sealant.
- 17. (previously presented) A field liner as claimed in claim 21, in which the adhesive substance is covered by a peel-off strip that can form a part of the field liner and that can be peeled-off prior to or during application of the field liner onto a pole.

18.-20. (cancelled)

- 21. (currently amended) A field liner for protecting a timber pole against subsoil decay, which includes a sheet element that forms in the form of an elongated cylindrical sleeve of which one end is at least partially sealed, the sheet element being in the form of a laminate structure including a first layer of material and a second layer of material, with the first layer of material being a flexible, liquid impermeable, non-biodegradable synthetic plastics film material that contains a dry film biocide therein and defining the an inner surface of the sleeve and the second layer of material being a flexible, liquid impermeable, non-biodegradable synthetic plastics film material that is tear resistant and defining the an outer surface of the sleeve, and in which the second layer of material, is provided with a strip of an adhesive substance externally thereon which can adhere to an opposing region of the second layer of material when the sleeve is located on a timber pole and tightly wrapped around the timber pole, for securing the location of the sleeve on the pole.
- (new) A method of converting a plane sheet liner into an elongated sleeve of claim 21 for protecting a timber pole against subsoil decay comprising;

providing an elongated sheet;

folding the sheet element into a loose cylindrical sleeve having a diameter substantially larger than a diameter of the timber pole;

heat welding so as to retain the sheet element in the cylindrical sleeve configuration:

heat welding one end of said loose cylindrical sleeve to partially seal said end; applying an adhesive substance externally onto said loose cylindrical sleeve; and rendering said cylindrical sleeve in a flat configuration for later use.

23. (new) A method of protecting a pole against subsoil decay comprising; reforming a loose elongate sleeve from the flat configuration of claim 22; sliding said loose sleeve over said pole till the butt of said pole bears against the

partially sealed end of said sleeve in order to partially cover the butt of said pole;

removing a peel-off strip from the adhesive substance externally applied onto said elongated sleeve; and

wrapping the excess sleeve tightly around the pole whereafter the externally applied adhesive substance serves to secure the sleeve on the pole.